

Assessment Title Cov			Covi	id-19 Exp	xposure – Reducing the Risks in Schools from January 2022					Generic	🖂 Spee	cific 🗌			
Scope of Assessment To ensure					nsura a s	safe and supportive environment for learning and teaching				Referenc		ER 01/22-6			
	0001			10 0		aic				ing and	leading		N° Affected	va	arious
Persons: Emp	loye	e 🛛 Service User	\boxtimes (Contracto	or 🛛 🛛 Visi	itor	Young Perso	n 🛛 Pu	blic 🛛 Frequenc	у: 🛛 Мо	nthly 🛛 Weekly	D	aily 🛛 Hourly 🛛	🛛 Occasi	onally 🗌
RISK COLOU	R CO	DE/ SCORE		LOW	RISK √		ME	DIUM R	ISK	HIGI	H RISK		VERY HIG	H RISK	
Aide Memoir	√-	present and considered,	, X co	nsidered r	not to be pres	ent	Machinery	x	Slip / Trip / Fall	x	Traffic / Driving	~	Dangerous Sub	ostances	x
Hygiene	✓	Workplace	~	Handlir	ng / Lifting	x	Environment	~	Access Equipment	x	Electricity	x	Moving / Falling Objects	9	x
Temperature	✓	Fire / Explosion	x	Pressu	ire System	x	Weather	x	DSE / Ergonomics	x	Violence	x	Tools / Work Equipment		x
Work at Height	х	Noise / Vibration	х	Other ((s) (note)	~	Note: Infectious	disease							
Ha	zar	d/ Concerns		F	Risk Rating	Control Measures					Residual Risk Rating	Act	ther ion uired		
Hazard/ Concerns 1. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a result of direct or close contact with others					12 High	peop Ther Ther arrar room pupil othe Reta exen ident	ole, should rema expected that so e is no logistical ngements in the ns and staff base ls. Moving to the rwise materially ining 2 metres b nption from self- tified as a close ent guidance is t	in in pla chools w require school o es, and t e minim inhibit etween -isolatio contact.	adults, and between ice in the school esta will continue to retain ment to make chang environment at this t the 2m gap between al 1m distancing can professional interact adults in schools wh in will also help to red Avoid car sharing. nue to use virtual me face-to-face interact	te. n 2m dist es to phy ime, inclu- the teach only take ion with o o do not duce the etings wh	ancing arrangeme sical distancing uding within meet er's desk and the place if it would colleagues. meet the criteria risk that they are	ents. ting for	4 Low		

place as long as it complies with physical distancing and staff are managed at a faculty/year group/stages level.

There is no requirement for strict physical distancing between children and young people in schools, although maintaining distancing between secondary school pupils is encouraged where possible.

Minimising contacts through the use of groupings should be reintroduced in indoor spaces where practicable. This provides benefits due to reducing possible vectors of transmission. The size of such groupings might differ depending upon local circumstances and the need to minimise education disruption – for example a grouping might refer to a whole class in primary school, and a whole year group or the senior phase in secondary school. In line with the subsidiarity principle, headteachers are empowered to make decisions about the best approach for their individual school or setting. Maintenance of any groupings used within schools is not required within transport arrangements.

As part of a strengthened approach to minimising contacts, schools should also consider:

- No assemblies or other typically large gatherings. Where it is necessary to bring groups together, alternative mitigating actions should be put in place, such as physical distancing, ventilation, face coverings, meeting outside and limiting the time spent together. Preliminary examinations remain permitted provided they are held in accordance with existing guidance.
- Decrease physical interactions generally by looking at staff and pupil movement throughout the school. Movement between classrooms should be minimised wherever possible. Where this cannot be avoided, consider providing cleaning supplies to enable wiping down of their own surfaces on entry and leaving.
- Introduce a flexible approach to the physical reconfiguration of teaching and non-teaching areas, taking account of hygiene, staffing, supervision and individual learner and staff needs.
- Seating, desks and other heavy traffic work areas e.g. copier rooms should be safely spaced to promote physical distancing.

Determine and adhere to safe levels of occupancy in heavy traffic work	
areas taking account of physical distancing controls.	
• Use one-way or keep left systems, staggered breaks and starts.	
Access classrooms directly from outside where possible.	
• Enforce staggered use of staffrooms, break areas and offices to limit	
occupancy at any one time with appropriate signage. Encourage cleaning	
items after each use including cooking equipment, crockery and cutlery.	
• Maximise outdoor space throughout the day ensuring those with complex	
needs or disabilities are not disadvantaged and hygiene arrangements are	
in place for shared equipment.	
 Consider integrated procedures and guidance for pupils leaving and 	
returning to school e.g. lunchtime.	
 Consider arrangements for pick up/drop off to ensure physical distancing 	
can be maintained and large gatherings avoided.	
 Encourage parents to consider the most appropriate travel arrangements 	
including, as far as it is safe to do so, walking, cycling and scootering to help	
reduce unnecessary travel on buses or public transport.	
 Ensure that transport providers, including those via SPT, are following all 	
necessary government and industry advice to reduce risk.	
 Any works, repairs or maintenance carried out within the school should 	
adhere to physical distancing and hygiene measures.	
 Recognise concerns raised by members of more vulnerable communities 	
including supporting individual requests for additional protections in	
discussion with staff, pupils and families.	
No additional general protections are required for particular categories of	
children or staff, such as those with underlying health conditions. However	
changes in the national protection levels, in individual circumstances	
and/or in line with any specific clinical advice may require a review of	
individual risk assessments. Staff should use the South Lanarkshire Council	
Self-Assessment form to help inform discussion with line managers on	
these issues.	

	Use floor markings, signage and posters throughout the building to keep	
	employees informed on things like maximum room capacity and direction	
	of travel.	
•	Limit face to face meetings indoors.	
•	Adult visitors to the school should be strictly limited to those that are	
	necessary to support children and young people or the running of the	
	school. Those providing essential services e.g. psychologists, social work	
	should be able to visit schools with appropriate mitigations, adherence to	
	local controls and in co-operation with the service provider. A register must	
	be kept.	
•	In recognition of the positive impact on the wellbeing of children and young	
	people, supply staff and other professional visitors can continue to visit	
	schools. This includes visiting teachers, psychologists, nurses, social	
	workers, youth workers, outdoor learning specialists, Higher Education	
	Institution (HEI) tutors, SQA staff and appointees (e.g. visiting assessors and	
	visiting verifiers), Education Scotland staff (including HMIE) and those	
	providing therapeutic support. Movements should continue to be limited to	
	those that are necessary to support children and young people or the	
	running of the school until otherwise advised. Such visitors should look to	
	reduce the number of schools visited and to limit their contact time with	
	children and young people. They should also take regular lateral flow tests	
	when asymptomatic. Consideration should be given to the provision of this	
	support by virtual means as appropriate.	
•	Parents/carers may attend school premises where this is agreed with the	
	school and is considered necessary to support children and young people.	
	Where it is considered beneficial, parents/carers may also attend school	
	premises for individual parental visits related to the wellbeing, progress and	
	behaviour of children. All such visits should be risk assessed and agreed in	
	advance by schools as being a necessary and proportionate measure.	
	It is imperative that all such visitors to schools should be agreed in advance	
	and arrangements appropriately risk-assessed.	

		•	Parent Councils and Parent Teacher Associations should not meet on school		
			premises, and virtual arrangements should be used instead.		
		•	Visitors should be expected to comply with the school's arrangements for		
			managing and minimising risk (including physical distancing and use of face		
			coverings). Schools should ensure that all temporary staff are given access		
			to information on the safety arrangements in place, including the school		
			risk assessment. Arrangements for school visitors should be communicated		
			clearly to staff and the wider school community. Aligned with the sub-group		
			advice, all visitors should also be encouraged to have a negative lateral flow		
			test before entering a school.		
		•	Schools and local authorities should, in partnership with related partners		
			and local public health teams, pay very close attention to any evidence		
			suggesting emerging bridges of transmission between settings. In the event		
			that any such evidence is identified, they should consult immediately with		
			local Health Protection Teams (HPTs) on any requirement to pause or		
			further reduce such movement between schools.		
		•	Staff and pupil movement between schools including peripatetic / supply		
			staff should be kept to a minimum.		
		•	Staff have clear advice on dealing with enquiries from the public.		
		•	Provide all necessary support to those requiring it to follow these measures		
			e.g. for those with visual impairment or limited mobility.		
		•	All employees should be aware of, and adhere to, Transport Scotland's latest		
			Advice on How to Travel Safely. Avoid car sharing.		
Additional Local Concerns					
To be completed by assessor					
2. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a		•	Ensure that all staff, pupils and visitors are aware of the high importance of		
result of poor personal hygiene			frequent and thorough handwashing / sanitising. Schools should identify		
	40		opportunities to reinforce the importance of hygiene measures throughout		
	12		the school day.	4	
	High	•	Ensure that signage is applied appropriately, including in toilets.	Low	

• Ensure that all staff and pupils sanitise/wash their hands frequently with	
soap and water for 20 seconds and dry thoroughly.	
• Ensure that sufficient handwashing / sanitising facilities are available for	
those entering and exiting, including for visitors.	
• Ensure that all staff and pupils clean their hands on arrival at the setting,	
before and after eating, after sneezing or coughing, when changing	
classrooms, when entering/leaving the building, before/after eating and	
after using the toilet.	
• Ensure that all staff and pupils use a tissue or elbow to cough or sneeze and	
use lidded bins for tissue waste, cleaning hands afterwards and ensure bins	
are emptied regularly so as not to excessively fill up .	
• Ensure that help is available for staff and pupils who may require assistance	
in accessing hygiene facilities.	
Anti-viral spray and paper towels provided for regular personal use at	
computer keyboards, photocopiers, telephones and other equipment.	
• Ensure that all staff and pupils are encouraged not to touch their face	
including mouth, eyes and nose.	
• Ensure that help is available for children and young people who have	
trouble cleaning their hands independently e.g. adult assistance or use of	
sanitiser rather than soap and water if easier.	
 Consider how to encourage young children to learn and practise these 	
habits through games.	
 No sharing of food and drinks including milk. 	
• Water dispensers can be used with care and those doing so should sanitise	
their hands before and after use. To reduce usage, staff and pupils should	
bring their own filled bottle each day which can be topped up during the day	
if required. Direct access by primary aged children should be avoided, unless	
age appropriate. Supervision may be necessary.	

 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	
	• Ensure sufficient staff have access to, and are aware of, procedures for	
	ordering replacement PPE in a regular and timely manner.	
	• The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what	
	they would normally need when supporting children and young people in	
	their care. PPE will be provided in the following specific circumstances:	
	• Work with children and young people whose care routinely already involves	
	the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs.	
	Where a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with	
	symptoms of coronavirus and needs direct personal care or there is risk of	
	splashing from a cough, spit or vomit. (The child, young person or staff	
	member feeling unwell should also wear their face covering or a mask if	
	possible).	
	• Any other task that would routinely involve PPE e.g. providing first aid.	
	Aerosol Generating Procedures (AGP) – in a small number of complex	
	medical cases staff may be involved in procedures with an increased risk of	
	transmission through aerosols e.g. tracheostomy care.	
- Face Coverings	• First aids kits and the area where they are stored should ensure supplies to	
	deal with covid symptoms – masks, gloves, aprons and visors.	
	Face coverings can be worn by anyone wishing to do so in any part of the	
	school.	
	Unless exempt, face coverings should continue to be worn by adults wherever	
	they cannot keep a 2m distance from other adults and/or children and young	
	people, and also in the following circumstances:	
	- all adults and pupils in secondary schools during class and in communal	
	areas	
	- all adults in communal areas of primary schools and early years	
	establishments	
	 parents and other visitors including parents at drop-off and pick-up.]

Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor		 people aged 12 and over and adults are required to wear face-coverings on school transport parents and other visitors to all school sites (whether entering the building or otherwise), including parents at drop-off and pick-up. by School Support Assistants and those supporting children with Additional Support Needs, who may routinely have to work closely with primary, secondary or ASN school pupils. However, the use of opaque face coverings should be balanced with the wellbeing and needs of the child, recognising that face coverings may limit communication and could cause distress to some children. in line with clear guidance for staff and pupils on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings. Consider regular messaging to staff, parents and learners about face coverings, including guidance or practical demonstrations to support efficacy of wearing. Consider any equity concerns and have a contingency supply. 		
3. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a result of poor environmental hygiene	12 High	 Weekly routine of electrostatic spraying in all areas. An enhanced cleaning regime will be in place including an increased focus (at least twice daily (SLC undertaking 3 times)) on high intensity touchpoints such as door furniture (push plates, handles), wall furniture (light switches, 	4 Low	

sockets) and sanitary ware to ensure those spaces are sanitised more regularly using product which is active against bacteria and viruses.

- Ensure more frequent cleaning of rooms/areas that must be used by different groups including staffrooms (Since August 2020 this has involved increased cleaning levels and a move from visual to sanitised cleans. Also includes increased cleaning within nursery and ASN settings).
- Introduce a clear desk policy and remove unnecessary items from classrooms and work areas to ensure all areas are more easily cleaned.
- Remove soft furnishings, soft toys and toys that are hard to clean (such as those with intricate parts). Children and young people should be encouraged not to bring toys from home or share personal belongings.
- Ensure where possible that movement of individuals between work stations is minimised and where work stations are shared there is cleaning between use.
- Staff should use their own crockery/cutlery in staff areas and ensure these are cleaned using detergent and dried thoroughly before being stored for re-use.
- Limit the use of shared resources, including those usually taken home. Keep bags off desks and worktops. Any shared materials and surfaces should be cleaned more frequently.
- Anti-viral spray and paper towels will be provided for regular use of shared equipment such as computer keyboards, photocopiers and telephones. Avoid the sharing of telephones or radio devices.
- Consider additional cleaning arrangements for specialist equipment e.g. in practical subjects or ASN provision e.g. SSERC guidance or Enozo spray in ASN and Early Years settings.
- Lidded bins for tissues are emptied throughout the day so as not to excessively fill up, and there are adequate disposal facilities for cleaning staff.
- Consider regular meetings with cleaning staff to confirm cleaning regimes, adjust as necessary to take account of high traffic or problem areas and ensure that levels of supplies are maintained.

Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor	 If a pupil, member of staff or visitor has been confirmed as being tested positive for COVID-19 Facilities Services will ensure that enhanced cleaning within the area is provided where appropriate. Designate a well ventilated room as an isolation space for anyone showing symptoms of infection. They should be sent home as soon as possible.
 Increased risk of exposure to Covid- 19 infection as a result of poor ventilation 	There should be a continued strong focus on good ventilation. In addition, further local CO ² monitoring will take place in line with Scottish Government requirements to support the goal of all school (and early years) buildings, including learning and teaching spaces, being assessed on an ongoing basis for ventilation issues with a view to remedial action being taken where required. See Advice to Heads for January 2022 Return document issued 21/12/21. Seek to increase ventilation levels by actively opening windows and doors where practical and safe to do so. (Heating systems have been increased in both temperature and length of running time to assist with maintaining room temperatures). • Arriving in your classroom, external doors can opened as required (will also reduce contact with door handles). Ensure no obstructions by opening blinds/curtains and removing any items blocking vents. • When pupils arrive open windows to their fullest as allowed by the restrictor. Top windows should be open where possible. • Should pupil occupancy levels exceed 25 in the secondary sector then windows should be opened to the maximum available, subject to any restrictors, for as long as possible. • If the room is cold and feels well ventilated some windows can be closed. However, those windows which have the least impact, relative to causing <t< td=""></t<>

Additional Local Concerns		 opening windows and doors can still provide adequate ventilation at the same time as maintaining room temperatures. Consider flexibility in permissible clothing while indoors and the benefits of re-designing seating plans to reflect individual pupil or staff temperature preferences. At the end of the day, remember to close all windows for security reasons. Internal fire doors should not be held open unless they have a hold open and self-closing mechanism which responds to a fire alarm activation. Not all classrooms have opening windows and the flow of air in mechanical systems are designed to take account of normal occupancy capacities and have been set to run longer, however as with other classrooms consider leaving doors open to further enhance air flow. Any specific issues should be reported in the normal way to allow a member of the technical team to carry out an assessment of any action required. 		
To be completed by assessor				
5. Increased risk of exposure to Covid- 19 infection as a result of poor communication	12 High	 See Advice to Heads for January 2022 Return document issued 21/12/21. All staff have been briefed on new working arrangements and understand the role they have to play. All staff have the opportunity to discuss new working arrangements on an ongoing basis and are aware of how to report concerns. All staff are aware of, and have access to, the full range of Corporate guidance on managing risks associated with Covid-19 including Education Resources Safe System of Work – Covid-19. Staff understand Covid-19 infection symptoms and what to look out for and should be supported to follow up to date Health Protection advice. Zero tolerance of symptoms should be in place and staff will follow strict compliance with current Government guidance in relation to Test and Protect and restrictions on movement/self-isolation. All staff and learners must know that they must inform a member of staff or responsible person if they feel unwell with symptoms of Covid-19. 	4 Low	

Asymptomatic Testing Programme

- All visitors including parents, contractors and suppliers are advised not to enter the premise unless previously agreed by the school management team. Where agreed, they are made aware of local protocols for entering the premises and safe use of facilities such as toilets, and must sign the register.
- The school provides regular, timely and clear communication about the approach they are taking to manage risk.
- All pupils and parents are aware of the arrangements and controls within the school and their responsibility in taking these forward.
- Consider parental surveys/communications to encourage walking, cycling, scootering, park and stride and remind parents of responsible parking, drop off and pick up.
- The school has arrangements for good quality dialogue with pupils about the measures and any changes.
- The school will ensure its approach co-ordinates with national and local guidance to help promote a coherent feel to provision of services and will designate a member of staff as Covid Officer to help take this forward.
- Senior leaders have systems in place to receive, review, retain and share all relevant information issued locally and nationally including Information Updates, Newsletters and Procedure Notes.
- Senior leaders understand the agreed process for managing a suspected case of Covid-19 infection.

Asymptomatic Testing

See advice (information update) to Heads on 5 January 2022 and the supplementary guidance on the revised NHSL letters for issue to staff, parents and carers (11/1/22).

The changes to self-isolation guidance are summarised below and we will work closely with NHSL to amend the current set of letters that they provide to our schools and educational settings. These changes are effective from the start of the school day on Thursday, 6 January 2022.

Self-isolation/Test and Protect

- (1) Positive cases are advised to self-isolate for 10 days. However, if the individual returns two consecutive negative LFD tests taken at least 24 hours apart with the first test no earlier than day 6 they may end isolation before the end of the 10 day period if they have no fever.
- (2) Close contacts who are fully vaccinated, having received 3 doses of the vaccination (plus 14 days) or are aged under 18 years and 4 months, can take daily LFD tests for 7 days instead of isolation provided the tests are negative and they remain without symptoms. If someone has not received 3 doses of the vaccination, they will need to book a PCR test and even if this is a negative result, they will need to isolate for 10 days.
- (3) Advice on confirmatory PCR tests where people test positive on a lateral flow device (LFD) test they are now not advised to get a PCR test to confirm infection, but to follow isolation advice as it applies to them as a positive case (see point 1) there is an exception for people who may be eligible for the Self-Isolation Support Grant who are advised to take a PCR test to ensure they can confirm their infection to be potentially eligible for financial support.

At-home lateral flow testing regimes will remain in place. Staff in all sectors and secondary pupils should carry out an initial test before returning to school. It is vitally important that establishments continue to promote twice-weekly athome LFD testing actively to their staff and secondary pupils, and that participants are encouraged to record their results, whether positive, negative or void. Schools should make every effort to try and improve uptake and reporting of asymptomatic testing by staff and secondary pupils.

Senior leadership teams should clearly and regularly convey the importance of testing and reporting to staff, parents and pupils helps ensure it remains a high priority. Headteachers / HoC should review NHS/SLC guidance on At Home

	 Lateral Flow Testing arrangements and complete the SLC Safe Use of At Hore Lateral Testing generic risk assessment where required Support for those who have underlying health conditions Clinically vulnerable staff can continue to work in schools, subject to a dynamic risk assessment confirming it is safe to do so. Normal pregnancy risk assessments should also be undertaken, and care attention paid to mental health and wellbeing. Managers should be sensitive to any anxiety pregnant staff may be feeling, and offer support and solutions to address this wherever possible. Individuals should discurequirements with their line manager in the first instance. In the event o any concerns that cannot be addressed in this way, they should speak wit SLC Personnel or Health and Safety teams, as well as their Trade Union representative. Public Health: Self-isolation, Testing and Vaccination See advice (information update) to Heads on 5 January 2022 and supplementary guidance on the revised NHSL letters for issue to staff, pare and carers (11/1/22). The promotion of the uptake of the vaccination amongst 12-15 year old a preventative measure is to be supported whilst respecting that this will the personal decision by the young person and their families. Review regularly all ongoing public health advice and be prepared to ammitigations and practice accordingly. 	ful ful the nts a e a	
 Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor 6. Increased risk of exposure to Covid- 19 infection risks through practical activities 	 Review existing risk assessments and safe systems of work for practical subject areas taking account of the controls above and Education Scotlan National Improvement Hub – Practical Activities Guidance. 	nd 4 Low	

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Additional Local Concerns				
To be completed by assessor				
7. Additional Risk Areas	12 High	 Review all risk assessment controls in the context of the current protection level for the establishment /local area and the associated enhanced measures. Consider Personal Risk Assessments for those employees deemed clinically vulnerable by NHS. Review existing Fire Evacuation Plans including PEEPs. Review existing Health Care Plans, risk assessments and Behaviour Assessment and Support Plans (BASPSs) for children with more complex needs taking account of the controls above. Also, consider whether the athome self-test programme will be appropriate for individual pupils (taking into account the potential of support for parents or guardians). Ensure that staff are fully aware of the wellbeing supports available to them including those via South Lanarkshire Council's Employee Assistance Scheme. Local support for pupil vaccination programmes Consider new guidance on supporting the mental health and wellbeing of children and young people. Education Scotland have provided complementary information on Mental health & wellbeing : supports for practitioners, parents, carers & young people. Property inspection arrangements will continue including required checks such as water quality, utilities, lifting equipment and fire controls. 	4 Low	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				

Supplementary recording sheet used? Yes 🗌 No 🔀 No

Yes 🗌 No 🛛 Number of sheets used: _____

Note on Manager Actions:

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Heads and Managers should use this assessment to cover general and local matters specific to their establishment. This local information can be added above to create an overall action plan to help ensure everyone understands what is required of them and how they can best protect themselves and others.

You should review this document in partnership with staff and their representatives, adapt as necessary for your establishment, sign off and share with all persons involved. It is good practice to review these arrangements on an ongoing and regular basis with your team.

 Specific Additional Guidance/Notes: Ed Res Covid_19 Pupils Returning Safe System of Work Current public health approach on clinical vulnerabilities Government direction and guidance on required action available from 				Risk Matrix. Use the matrix below to give a general evaluation of risk, based on the most likely outcome.					
				Almost Certain (90% - 100%)	5	10	15	20	25
<u>www.gov.scot/c</u>	www.gov.scot/coronavirus-covid-19/			Likely, only to be expected (65 - 88%)	4	8	12	16	20
Further Actions	/Recommendations	Timescales	Responsible Person	Probable, not surprising (40 - 64%)	3	6	9	12	15
				Unlikely (10 - 39%)	2	4	6	8	10
				Rare (0 - 9%)	1	2	3	4	5 **
				Likelihood	Insignificant scratch, minor cut/bruise)	Minor (Lacerations/sprain strains, mild health effects)	Moderate (Minor bone break, temporary minor illness/eye injury)	Major (break of major bone, loss of digit, minor illness, electric shock loss of limb/eye serious illness)	Catastrophic (Fatality)
Standard Actions					gnif Ionic	Minor rations/ ild heal	Moderate or bone br y minor illi injury)	Major major b minor shock serious	astro atal
Provision of Information	n, Instruction and Training				Insi ttch, π	L Lacer Is, mil	Mo Minor Drary i	l lk of m digit, sectric :	Cats (F
Passing on the details partners or contractors				Consequence	(scra	(I strair	(I tempo	(brea of ele limt	
Preparation of Safety S	System of Work								
Commissioning other	1)								
specialist risk assessments	2)			Low Medium	ו	High		Very High	1
(please list relevant ones)	3)			** If a fatality is being considered as the principal potential outcome, discussion should take place with the H&S team					
Risk Assessor(s): Kevin Boyd, Head Teacher			Manager Name: Kevin Boyd, Head Teacher			Date: 25-01-22			
Reviewer: Lesley Yule, Support Services Coordinator			Establishment: Strathaven Ac	ademy					
Signature(s)									
Date: 25-01-22			Signed: Karin Bayd						

Notes: